

Force on a Conductor

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} \quad F &= BIL \sin \theta \\ &= (0.25)(12)(0.3) \sin 90 \\ F &= \boxed{0.9 \text{ N}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{2} \quad F &= BIL \sin \theta \\ I &= \frac{F}{BL \sin \theta} \\ &= \frac{2.5}{(0.5)(4.75) \sin 90} \\ I &= \boxed{0.011 \text{ A}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{3} \quad \begin{array}{c} \uparrow F \\ \circ \\ \downarrow F_g \end{array} & \quad \begin{array}{l} F = F_g \\ BIL = mg \\ I = \frac{mg}{BL} \\ = \frac{(0.05)(9.8)}{(2)(1)} \\ I = \boxed{0.245 \text{ A}} \end{array} \end{aligned}$$

④ Parallel to the field lines. ($\theta = 0$)

$$F = BIL \sin \theta$$

$$F = 0$$

⑤ a) $F = BIL \sin \theta$

$$= (5 \times 10^{-5})(2.25)(1) \sin 90$$

$$F = 0.011 \text{ N}$$

∴ the force is $\boxed{0.011 \text{ N/m}}$

b) down

c) Probably not. The force is insignificant compared to the weight of the cables.

Charges in a Magnetic Field

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} \quad F &= qvB \sin \theta \\ &= (1.6 \times 10^{-19}) (8.6 \times 10^4) (1.2) \sin 90 \\ F &= \boxed{1.65 \times 10^{-14} \text{ N [E]}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{2} \quad \vec{F} &= qv\vec{B} \sin \theta \\ &= (1.6 \times 10^{-19}) (4.3 \times 10^4) (1.5) \sin 90 \\ F &= \boxed{1.03 \times 10^{-14} \text{ N [S]}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{3} \quad F &= qvB \sin \theta \\ B &= \frac{F}{qv \sin \theta} \\ B &= \frac{5.1 \times 10^{-14}}{(1.6 \times 10^{-19}) (2 \times 10^6) \sin 90} \end{aligned}$$

$$B = \boxed{0.16 \text{ T [horizontal, towards observer]}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{4} \quad \vec{F} &= qv\vec{B} \sin \theta \\ v &= \frac{F}{qB \sin \theta} \\ &= \frac{3.2 \times 10^{-12}}{(1.6 \times 10^{-19}) (2.5) \sin 90} \end{aligned}$$

$$v = \boxed{8.0 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$\textcircled{a} \quad \Sigma F = F_0$$

$$\frac{mv^2}{r} = qvB$$

$$r = \frac{mv}{qB}$$

$$= \frac{(6.7 \times 10^{-27})(1.5 \times 10^7)}{(3.2 \times 10^{-19})(2.4)}$$

$$r = \boxed{0.13 \text{ m}}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad r = \frac{mv}{qB}$$

$$v = \frac{rqB}{m}$$

$$= \frac{(0.08)(1.6 \times 10^{-19})(1.5)}{1.67 \times 10^{-27}}$$

$$v = \boxed{11497006 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$W = AqK$$

$$W = qAV$$

$$qAV = \frac{1}{2}mv_f^2$$

$$(1.6 \times 10^{-19})AV = \frac{1}{2}(1.67 \times 10^{-27})(11497006)^2$$

$$AV = \boxed{689820 \text{ V}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{7} \quad F &= qvB \sin \theta \\ &= (100)(200)(5 \times 10^{-5}) \sin 90 \\ F &= \boxed{1.0 \text{ N}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{8} \quad r &= \frac{mv}{qB} \\ &= \frac{(9.11 \times 10^{-31})(1.5 \times 10^7)}{(1.6 \times 10^{-19})(0.2)} \\ r &= \boxed{0.0043 \text{ m}} \quad (4.3 \text{ mm}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{9} \quad q &= 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C} \\ r &= \frac{mv}{qB} \\ 0.03 &= \frac{(6.68 \times 10^{-27})(1 \times 10^4)}{(1.6 \times 10^{-19}) B} \end{aligned}$$

$$B = \frac{(6.68 \times 10^{-27})(1 \times 10^4)}{(1.6 \times 10^{-19})(0.03)}$$

$$B = \boxed{0.014 \text{ T [towards the observer]}}$$

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$$r = \frac{mv}{qB}$$

$$v = \frac{r q B}{m}$$

$$= \frac{(6.38 \times 10^6 + 1000000)(1.6 \times 10^{-19})(4 \times 10^{-8})}{(1.67 \times 10^{-27})}$$

$$v = \boxed{28282635 \text{ m/s}}$$